Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (Original) A method of reducing the acidity of flue gas, comprising the steps of:
 - a) partially combusting the fuel in a first stage to create a reducing environment;
 - b) maintaining the reducing environment for a sufficient time period such that reducible acids are reduced to achieve a desirable acidity concentration in the flue gas;
 - c) combusting the remainder of the fuel and combustion intermediates in a second stage with oxidizing environment; thereby decreasing the acidity of the flue gas by reducing the acid concentration of the gas.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further including the step of micro-staging the first stage fuel combustion.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the micro-staging is provided through the use of low-NOx burners.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further including the step of macro-staging the first stage of fuel combustion.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the macro-staging is provided through the use of over-fired air.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further including a combination of micro-staging and macro-staging.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the micro-staging is provided by low-NOx burners and the macro-staging is provided by over-fired air.
 - 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fuel is coal.

Claims 9-16. (Cancelled).

- 17. (Original) A method of lowering the acid dewpoint temperature of flue gas, comprising the steps of:
 - a) partially combusting the fuel in a first stage to create a reducing environment;
 - b) adjusting the reducing environment for a sufficient time period such that the flue gas acid dewpoint is lowered to a desirable level;
 - c) combusting the remainder of the fuel and combustion intermediates in a second stage with oxidizing environment; thereby lowering the acid dewpoint temperature of the flue gas by reducing the acid concentration of the flue gas.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, further including the step of micro-staging the first stage fuel combustion.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the micro-staging is provided through the use of low-NOx burners.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 17, further including the step of macro-staging the first stage of fuel combustion.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the macro-staging is provided through the use of over-fired air.

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- 22. (Original) The method of claim 17, further including a combination of micro-staging and macro-staging.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the micro-staging is provided by low-NOx burners and the macro-staging is provided by over-fired air.
 - 24. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the fuel is coal.
- 25. (Original) A method of lowering the acid dewpoint temperature of flue gas, comprising the steps of:
 - a) partially combusting the fuel in a first stage to create a reducing environment;
 - b) combusting the remainder of the fuel and combustion intermediates in a second stage with oxidizing environment;
 - c) measuring the acid dewpoint of the flue gas;
 - d) adjusting the reducing environment for a sufficient time period such that the flue gas acid dewpoint is lowered to a desirable level; thereby decreasing the acid dewpoint temperature of the flue gas by reducing the reducible acid concentration of the gas.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25, further including the step of micro-staging the first stage fuel combustion.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26, wherein the micro-staging is provided through the use of low-NOx burners.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 25, further including the step of macro-staging the first stage of fuel combustion.

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- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein the macro-staging is provided through the use of over-fired air.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 25, further including a combination of micro-staging and macro-staging.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 30, wherein the micro-staging is provided by low-NOx burners and the macro-staging is provided by over-fired air.
 - 32. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the fuel is coal.